



## Security Council

Distr.: General  
15 November 2011

**Original: English**

**Letter dated 15 November 2011 from the Acting Permanent Representative of South Sudan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council**

We refer to the letter dated 14 November 2011 from the Government of the Republic of the Sudan addressed to and conveyed through you to the Security Council (S/2011/714). In that letter, the Sudan Government accused the Government of the Republic of South Sudan of continued support to the rebel armed forces fighting the Republic of the Sudan with the intention of destabilizing the Sudan's peace and security. They claim that the Republic of South Sudan facilitated and hosted two meetings in Juba and Yei towns in South Sudan for the purpose of uniting rebel factions into a new alliance, the Sudan Revolutionary Front, from the membership of:

1. Justice and Equality Movement/Dr. Khalil Ibrahim
2. Sudan Liberation Movement/Abdalwahid Mohamed El Nur
3. Sudan Liberation Movement/Mini Arko Minawi
4. Sudan People's Liberation Movement/North

We stress categorically that there is no element of truth in the claims or accusations mentioned above, nor any sponsorship by the Government of the Republic of South Sudan of any hostile activities to topple the Government in Khartoum militarily or otherwise.

Since the accusation by Khartoum on 4 November 2011 in a letter through you to the Security Council (S/2011/691), allow me to update you and through you the Security Council:

1. On 8 November 2011, Khartoum bombed Guffa, a village in Upper Nile in the Republic of South Sudan.
2. Through a militia/armed group trained, supported and fully equipped with artillery Khartoum invaded Kuek, killing five people.
3. On 10 November 2011, the Sudanese air force conducted a bombing raid on Yida refugee camp in Unity State in the Republic of South Sudan. The refugee camp was bombed in the presence of a United Nations helicopter on the ground. Over 12 innocent refugees' lives were lost.
4. On Sunday 13 November 2011, the Sudan Government forces attacked our forces in Rom in Upper Nile State, causing casualties.

I would like to bring to your attention that Khartoum is trying to divert the attention of its own public from its internal challenges to justification for waging war against the Republic of South Sudan. The real intention of Khartoum is to invade South Sudan with the aim of taking over the oil fields, as was said by President Bashir in his recent address in Kurmuk, in November 2011.

I would appreciate it if you would kindly circulate this response of the Government of South Sudan as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) David Buom Choat  
Acting Permanent Representative